

### Math 353 Homework #11- Due Monday 12/5/16

1. Use Polya's theorem to compute the number of  $5 \times 5$  chessboards with 10 red squares, 12 blue squares and 3 green squares, up to symmetry. You will likely need to use a computer algebra system like Maple in the final step.
2. Taking rotational symmetries into account, how many ways are there to color the vertices of a cube so that four are blue, two are red and two are green?
3. Recall that the integer lattice  $\mathbb{Z}^3$  consists of all points  $(a_1, a_2, a_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3$  such that  $a_1, a_2, a_3$  are integers. Suppose we choose 9 distinct points in  $\mathbb{Z}^3$ . Prove the line segment between some two of the 9 points contains another point in  $\mathbb{Z}^3$ . Hint: You can actually show the "another point" may be chosen to be the midpoint.
4. Show that given any 9 distinct natural numbers it is possible to choose 5 whose sum is divisible by 5.
5. 15.3.4B