

Rock Classification

Chapter 2, pp. 17-26

Basis for Classification

- Minerals present in the rock
 - Best for coarse-grained rocks
 - Useful for field work
- Chemical Composition
 - Works for fine-grained rock
 - Expensive and takes time

Mineralogical Classification

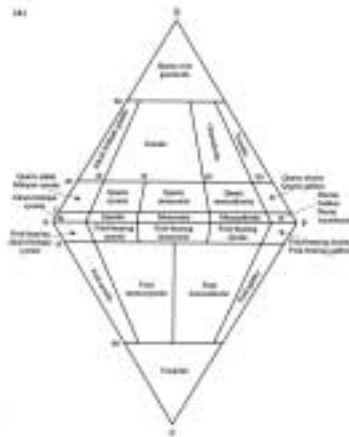
- Color Index = % of dark minerals
- Felsic < 35% mafic minerals
- Mafic = 35% – 90% mafic minerals
- Ultramafic > 90% mafic mineral

Monomineralic Rocks

- Plagioclase Anorthosite
- Olivine Dunite
- Augite Clinopyroxenite
- Hypersthene Orthopyroxenite

QAPF Diagram

- Useful for most Common rocks
- Recalculate the minerals to 100% QAP or FAP



Chemical Classification

- CIPW norm
 - Calculated minerals from chemical analysis
- Saturation concept
 - Si saturation
 - Acid to basic
 - Al saturation
- Harker-Peacock index
 - Alkalies vs calcium

Silica Saturation

Acid	$\text{SiO}_2 > 66 \%$
Intermediate	SiO_2 52 to 66 %
Basic	SiO_2 45 to 52 %
Ultrabasic	$\text{SiO}_2 < 52 \%$

Aluminum Saturation

Based on the feldspar ratio 1:1:3 ($\text{NaAlSi}_3\text{O}_8$)

Peraluminous	$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 > (\text{CaO} + \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O})$
Peralkaline	$(\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O}) > \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$

Classification of Igneous Rocks

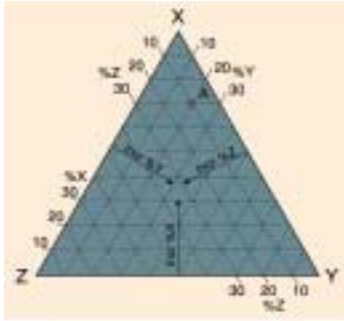


Figure 2-1a. Method #1 for plotting a point with the components: 70% X, 20% Y, and 10% Z on triangular diagrams. An Introduction to Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, John Winter, Prentice Hall.

Classification of Igneous Rocks

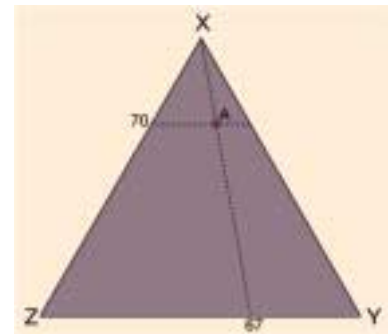
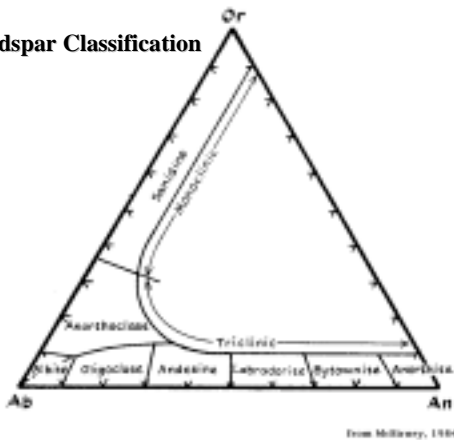


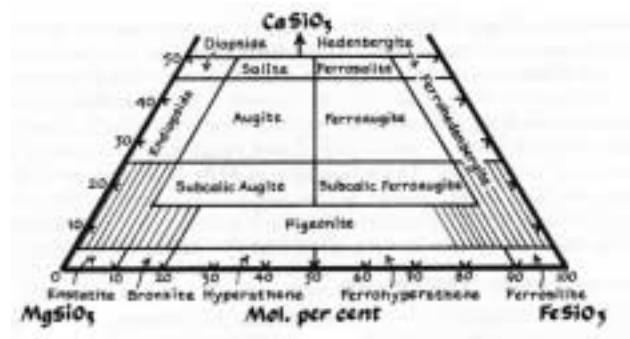
Figure 2-1b. Method #2 for plotting a point with the components: 70% X, 20% Y, and 10% Z on triangular diagrams. An Introduction to Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, John Winter, Prentice Hall.

Feldspar Classification



From Millberry, 1984

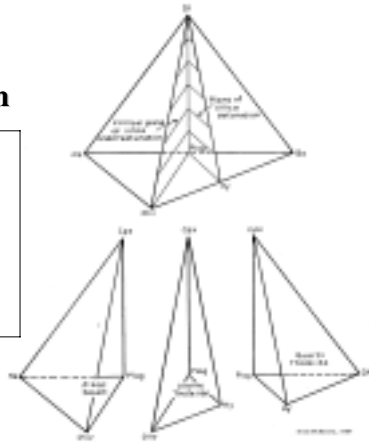
Pyroxene Classification



Basalt Classification

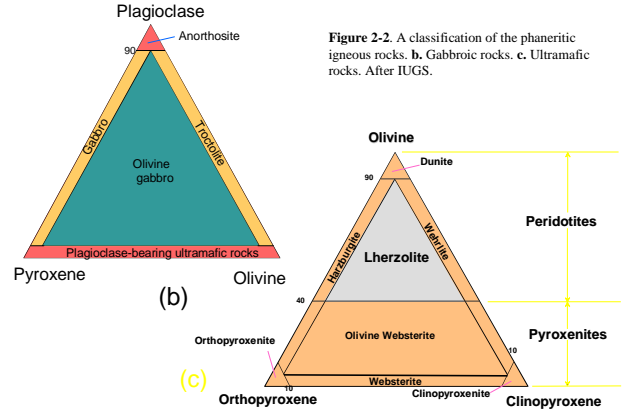
Phases:

Augite (Cpx)
Hypersthene (Hy)
Olivine (Oliv)
Plagioclase (Plag)
Nepheline (Ne)



Classification of Igneous Rocks

Figure 2-2. A classification of the phaneritic igneous rocks. b. Gabbroic rocks. c. Ultramafic rocks. After IUGS.



Classification of Igneous Rocks

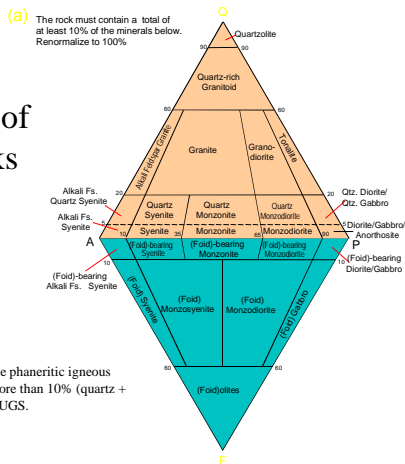


Figure 2-2. A classification of the phaneritic igneous rocks. a. Phaneritic rocks with more than 10% (quartz + feldspar + feldspathoids). After IUGS.

Classification of Igneous Rocks

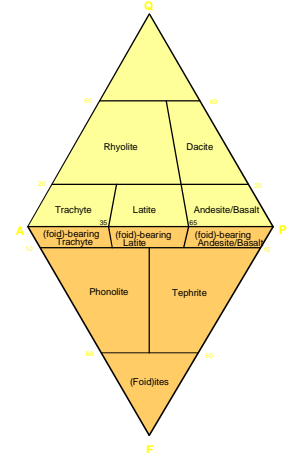
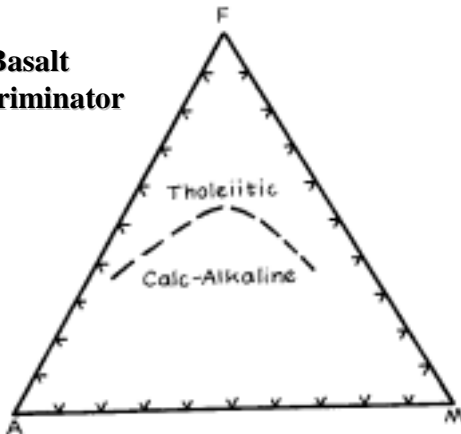


Figure 2-3. A classification and nomenclature of volcanic rocks. After IUGS.

Basalt Discriminator



Basalt Trends

