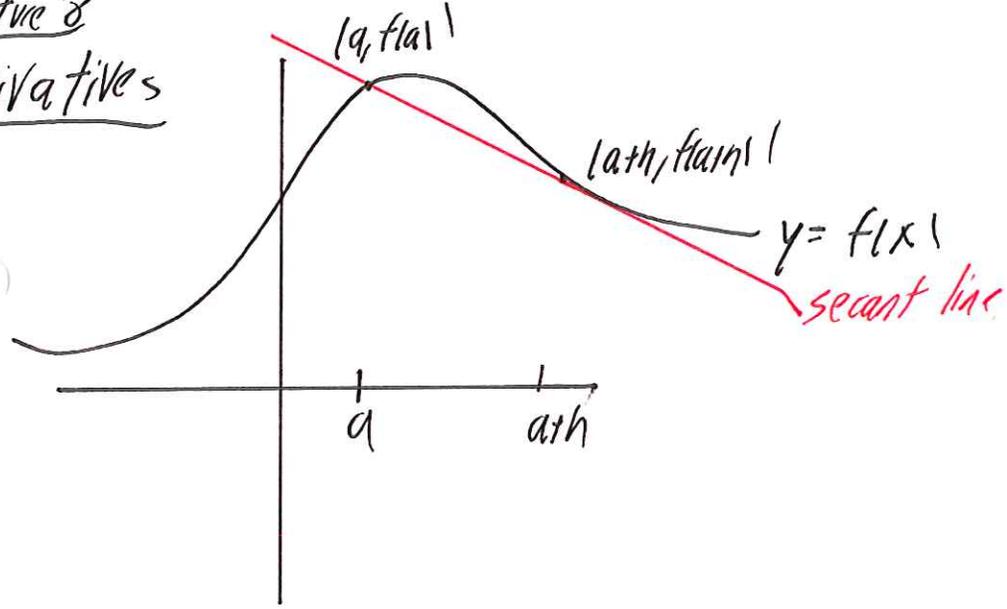
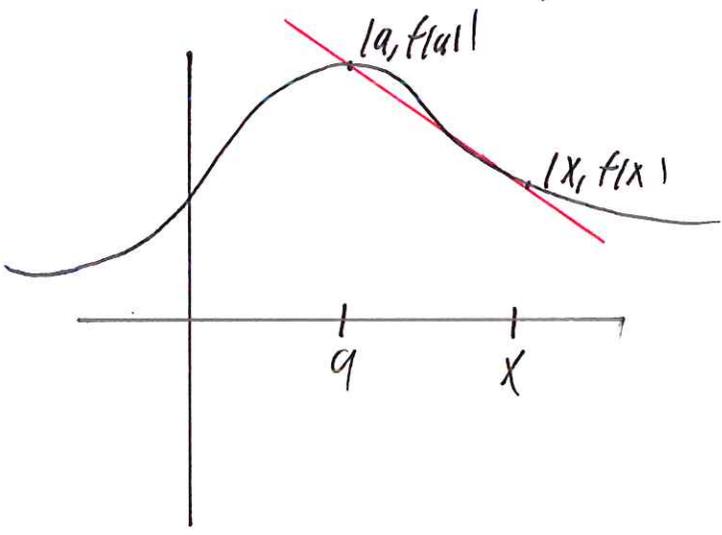


Lecture 8  
Derivatives



Key point  $\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$  is slope of secant line.

a.k.a. avg rate of change of  $f(x)$   
with respect to  $x$  from  $x=a$  to  $x=a+h$



slope is  $\frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$

Def The derivative of  $f(x)$  at  $x=a$  is

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

if it exists

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

↳ say  $f(x)$  is differentiable at  $x=a$

# Interpretation

$f'(a)$  is the slope of the tangent line at  $(a, f(a))$

$f'(a)$  is the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  with respect to  $x$  at  $x=a$ .

<u>Rate of change of</u>	<u>with respect to</u>	<u>is</u>
position	time	velocity
velocity	time	acceleration
work	time	power
utility	time	marginal utility

EX  $f(x) = x^2$  find tang line at  $(3, 9)$

$$f'(3) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+h)^2 - 9}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h^2 + 6h}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} h + 6 = 6$$

slope = 6 point =  $(3, 9)$   $y - 9 = 6(x - 3)$

\* review point slope

EX  $f(x) = 1/\sqrt{x}$  find  $f'(a)$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+h}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a+h}}{h\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+h}}$$

$\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+h})}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+h}}$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a - (a+h)}{h\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+h}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+h})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+h}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+h})}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2a^{3/2}} = -\frac{1}{2} a^{-3/2}$$

## Derivative as a function

Why calculate  $f'(a)$  separately for each  $a$ ?

Def Let  $f(x)$  be a function. The derivative is

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \quad \text{if it exists}$$

Idea Compute some derivatives from scratch, come up with rules for rest.

1.  $f(x) = c$       $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{c-c}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{0}{h} = 0$

2.  $f(x) = mx + b$       $f'(x) = m$ 

- linear functions
- constant rate of growth

3.  $f(x) = x^2$       $f'(x) = 2x$

Find tang line at  $(5, 25)$

4.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$       $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-3/2}$

5.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$       $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

6. Is  $f(x) = |x|$  differentiable?

7. Estimate  $f'(x)$  from graph  
from table